



Investec Bank plc

Overview

The information in this presentation relates to the year ended 31 March 2020, unless otherwise indicated.



An overview of the Investec group

The Investec group information reflects that of its Continuing operations. During the year, the group's asset management business was demerged and separately listed and has thus been accounted for as a discontinued operation.

Investec

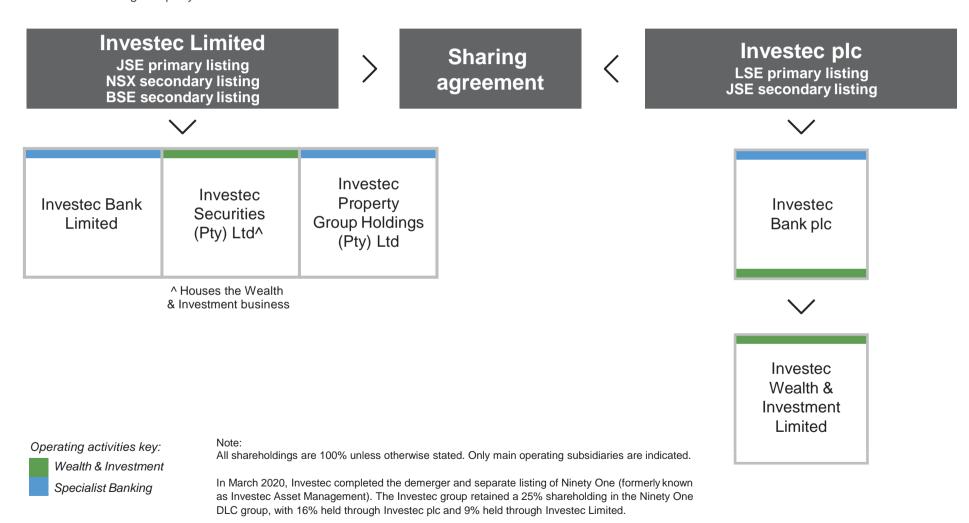
A domestically relevant, internationally connected banking and wealth & investment group

- Established in 1974
- Today, an efficient integrated international business platform employing approximately 8 700* people
- Listed on the JSE and LSE (a FTSE 250 company)
- Total assets of £50.7bn; total equity of £4.9bn; total third party assets under management of £45.0bn



Group structure

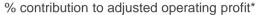
- In 2002, Investec implemented a Dual Listed Companies (DLC) structure
- In terms of our DLC structure, **Investec Limited** is the controlling company of our businesses in Southern Africa and Mauritius, and **Investec plc** is the controlling company of our non-Southern African businesses.



Solid recurring income base supported by a diversified portfolio

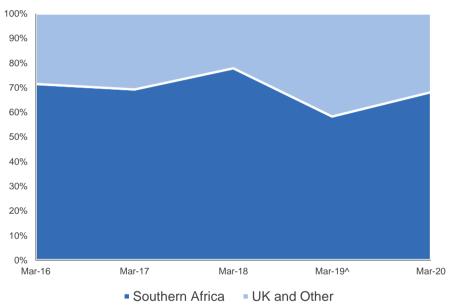
Across businesses

Across geographies





% contribution to adjusted operating profit*



^{*} Adjusted operating profit by business is Operating profit before group costs and before goodwill, acquired intangibles and strategic actions, less profit attributable to other non-controlling interests. Adjusted operating profit before goodwill, acquired intangibles and strategic actions, less profit attributable to other non-controlling interests. AReflected in the above trends, March 2019 information has been restated and excludes the financial impact of the rundown of the Hong Kong direct investments business and the impact of other group restructures as detailed in the Investec group's 2020 Analyst Book. All other prior year numbers have not been restated.

Strategic direction

We strive to be a distinctive bank and investment manager, driven by commitment to our core philosophies and values.

The Investec distinction

Client focused approach

- Clients are at the core of our business
- We strive to build business depth by deepening existing and creating new client relationships
- High-tech, high-touch approach
- High level of service by being nimble, flexible and innovative.

Specialised strategy

- Serving select market niches as a focused provider of tailored structured solutions
- Enhancing our existing position in principal businesses and geographies through organic growth and select bolt-on acquisitions.

Sustainable business

- Contributing to society, macro-economic stability and the environment
- Well-established brand
- Managing and positioning the group for the long term
- Balancing operational risk with financial risk while creating value for shareholders
- · Cost and risk conscious.

Strong culture

- Strong entrepreneurial culture that stimulates extraordinary performance
- Passionate and talented people who are empowered and committed
- Depth of leadership
- Strong risk awareness
- · Material employee ownership.

One Investec

Our long-term commitment is to One Investec; a client-focused strategy where, irrespective of specialisation or geography, we commit to offering our clients the full breadth and scale of our products and services.

We are focused on delivering profitable, impactful and sustainable solutions to our clients.

To deliver on One Investec, we will focus on imperative collaboration between the Banking and Wealth & Investment businesses; and continue to invest in and support these franchises. This will position Investec for sustainable long-term growth.

Our long-term strategic focus

- We are committed to delivering exceptional service to our clients, creating long-term value for our shareholders and to contributing meaningfully to our people, communities and the planet
- All relevant Investec resources and services are on offer in every single client transaction
- Sustain our distinctive, out of the ordinary culture, entrepreneurial spirit and freedom to operate, with the discipline and obligation to do things properly for the whole of Investec.

In the short term, our objective is to **simplify**, **focus and grow** the business with discipline.

Balanced business model supporting our long-term strategy

A domestically relevant, internationally connected banking and wealth & investment group

2

Principal geographies

2

Core areas of activity

8,700+

Employees

£24.9bn

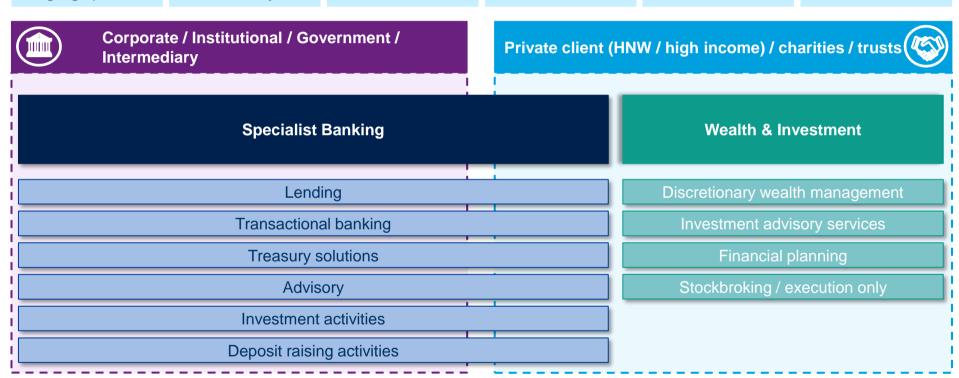
Core loans

£32.2bn

Customer deposits

£45.0bn

Third party FUM



We have market-leading distinctive client franchises

We provide a high level of client service enabled by advanced digital platforms

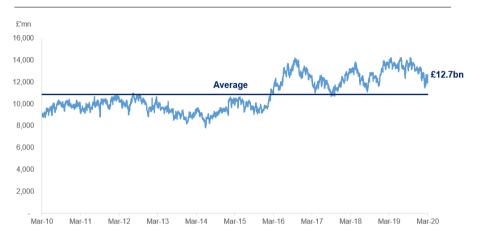
We are a people business backed by our out of the ordinary culture, and entrepreneurial spirit

We continue to have a sound balance sheet

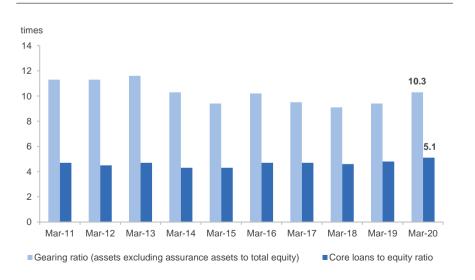
Key operating fundamentals

- · Senior management "hands-on" culture
- A high level of readily available, high quality liquid assets: representing c. 25% - 35% of our liability base. Cash and near cash balances amounted to £12.7 billion at year end, representing 39.4% of customer deposits.
- · No reliance on wholesale funding
- Solid leverage ratios: always held capital in excess of regulatory requirements and the group intends to perpetuate this philosophy.
 Target common equity tier 1 ratio of above 10% and total capital ratios between 14% and 17%
- Low gearing ratio: 10.3x with strong leverage ratios remain ahead of the group's target of 6%
- Geographical and operational diversity with a high level of annuity income which continues to support sustainability of operating profit

Cash and near cash

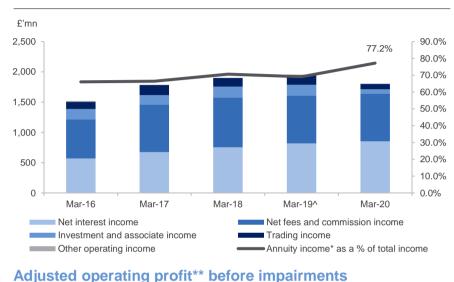


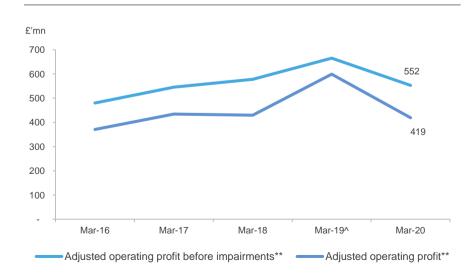
Low gearing ratios



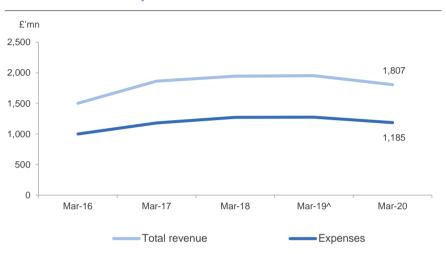
We have a sound track record

Recurring income

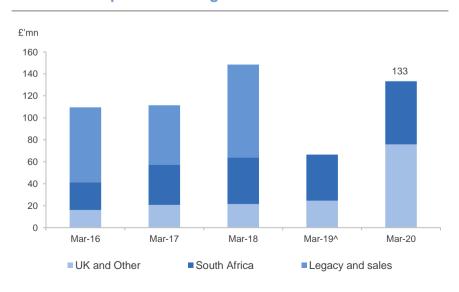




Revenue versus expenses

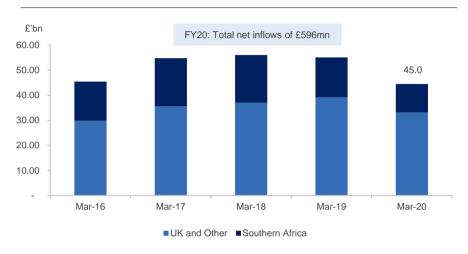


Credit loss impairment charges

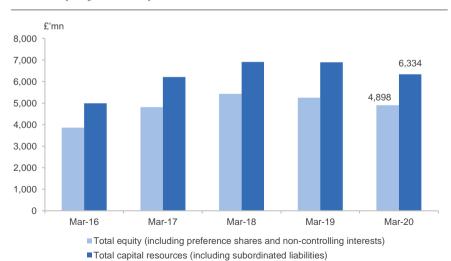


We have a sound track record (cont.)

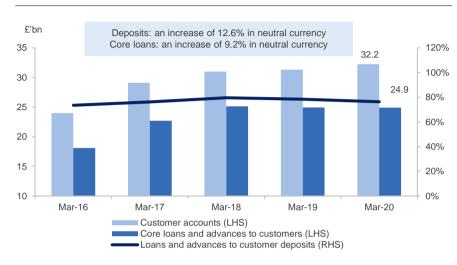
Third party assets under management



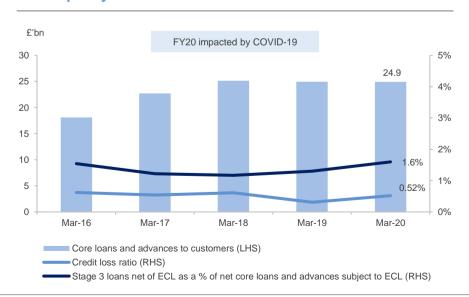
Total equity and capital resources



Core loans and advances and deposits



Asset quality



Sustainability – indices, rankings and recognition

Indices and rankings

Dow Jones
Sustainability Indices
In Collaboration with RobecoSAM

Top 15% in the global diversified financial services sector

5SE TSE/JSE Responsible nvestment index

Top 30 in the FTSE/JSE responsible investment index



 Included in the FTSE UK 100 ESG Select Index (out of 641 companies)



 1 of 43 banks and financial services in the Global ESG Leaders (total of 439 components)



Top 6% scoring AAA in the financial services sector



Score B against an industry average of C



Top 20% of globally assessed companies



 Top 20% of the ISS ESG global Universe and Top 14% of Diversified financial services

Recognition

- 1st bank in SA and 8th bank in UK banking and financial services sector to sign up to the TCFDs
- Best Investment Bank for Sustainable Finance in Africa in the 2020 Global Finance Awards
- Winner Sustainability Award in the 17th Annual National Business Awards 2019
- One of 15 Best Deals ranked by Global Trade Review for our finance of Ghana Infrastructure Company for the construction of roads and storm drainage
- Winner Trialogue Strategic CSI Award 2019 for the Promaths programme
- Voted one of SA's Top Empowered Companies by Impumelelo
- Winner **16th Platinum Award** in the City of London's Clean City Award Scheme 2019 recognising the waste management best practice endeavours
- Shortlisted for the Business Charity Awards, which recognises the outstanding contribution made by UK businesses to good causes
- Shortlisted for the Financial Services Charity Partnership Award for partnership with Arrival Education
- Achieved a silver award for the Guernsey office with ESI Monitor for their commitment to the environment

We have assigned DLC executive responsibility to further drive our sustainability agenda and integrate it into business strategy across the organisation

Sustainability – "living in society, not off it"

Our long-term commitment is to One Investec; a client-focused strategy where, irrespective of specialisation or geography, we commit to offering our clients the full breadth and scale of our products and services.

Supporting business strategy

- Delivering exceptional service to our clients
- Creating long-term value for all our stakeholders
- Contribute meaningfully to:

Our people

Communities

The planet

Sustainability focus

- Ethical conduct and do no harm through responsible lending, investing and risk management
- Doing well and doing good by offering profitable, impactful and sustainable solutions
- Healthy, engaged employees who are inspired to learn and enjoy a diverse and inclusive workplace
- Positive upliftment through education, entrepreneurship and job creation
- Support the transition to a lowcarbon world starting with carbon neutrality in our own operations

Value created – highlights from this year



- Published our group fossil fuel policy with
 <1.5% exposure to fossil fuels
- Enhanced our ESG policies, processes and reporting



- Participating in the UN Global Investors for Sustainable Development Alliance
- Financing the SDGs, e.g. renewable energy, infrastructure, innovation and SMEs



Female senior leadership represent 36.9%
 (2019: 35.6%) of total senior leadership



Community spend as a % of operating profit of 2.3% (2019: 2.0%) of which 77% was on education, entrepreneurship and jobs



- Achieved net-zero carbon emissions
- Launched Environmental World Index Autocall in SA and a sustainable energy finance arm in the UK

We have an important role to play in creating a more equal, cohesive and sustainable world



An overview of Investec Bank plc (IBP)

Investec Bank plc

Investec Bank plc is a **specialist bank** and private client **wealth manager** with **primary business in the UK**

Total assets £24.7bn

Net core loans £11.8bn

Total equity £2.3bn

Customer deposits £15.5bn

Third Party FUM £33.5bn

Employees (approx.) **c.3.900**

- Operating in the UK since 1992
- Wholly owned subsidiary of Investec plc (UK FTSE 250 listed entity since 2002)
 - Investec Bank plc is the main banking subsidiary of Investec plc
 - Structured into two distinct businesses: Specialist Banking and Wealth & Investment
- PRA and FCA regulated and a member of the London Stock Exchange
- **Investec Bank plc**
- Long-term rating of A1 stable outlook (Moody's) and BBB+ Rating Watch Negative^ (Fitch)
- Balanced and defensive business model comprising Specialist Banking and Wealth & Investment – c.36% of adjusted operating profit* from non-banking activities
- Creditors ring-fenced from Investec Bank Limited (Southern African banking subsidiary)
- Capital and liquidity are not fungible between Investec Bank plc and Investec Bank Limited –
 each entity required to be self-funded and self-capitalised in adherence with the regulations in their
 respective jurisdictions

[^]On 1 April 2020, Fitch took action on a number of UK banking groups (including IBP), due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This resulted in Fitch placing IBP's ratings on Rating Watch Negative (RWN), as Fitch believes the economic fallout from the pandemic crisis represents a near-term risk to its ratings. *At 31 March 2020, where adjusted operating profit is Operating profit before acquired intangibles and strategic actions, less profit attributable to other non-controlling interests.

Investec Bank plc (IBP)

Diversified revenue streams with high annuity base

- Balanced business model comprising two distinct business activities: Specialist Banking and Wealth & Investment
- Continued focus on growing our capital light businesses, now 51% of IBP's revenue#
- Geographic and operational diversity with a high level of annuity revenue^ accounting for 72% of total operating income
- Third party FUM* of £33.5bn and positive net inflows for Wealth & Investment

Sound balance sheet

- Never required shareholder or government support
- Robust capital base: 11.5% CET1 ratio** and strong leverage ratio of 8.0% (7.7% on a fully loaded basis) as of 31 March 2020
- IBP benefits from a substantial unlevered asset, being Wealth & Investment (FUM: £33.1bn)
- Low gearing: 10.6x
- Strong liquidity ratios with high level of readily available, high quality liquid assets representing 39.5% of customer deposits (cash and near cash: £6.0bn)
- · Diversified funding base with strong retail deposit franchise and low reliance on wholesale funding
- We target a diversified, secured loan portfolio, lending to clients we know and understand

Strong culture

- Stable management senior management team average tenor of c.15 20 years
- Strong, entrepreneurial culture balanced with a strong risk awareness
- Employee ownership long-standing philosophy

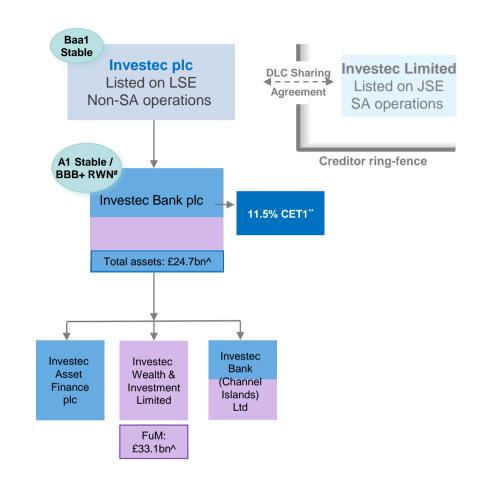
Investec and IBP: structure and main operating subsidiaries

Features of Investec's structure

- Investec plc is the holding company of the Investec group's UK & Other operations
- One main operating subsidiary
 - IBP (which houses the Specialist Banking and Wealth & Investment activities)

Features of the Investec Group's DLC structure

- Investec implemented a Dual Listed Companies Structure in July 2002
- Creditors are ring-fenced to either Investec Limited or Investec plc as there are no cross guarantees between the companies
- Capital and liquidity are prohibited from flowing between the two entities under the DLC structure conditions
- Shareholders have common economic and voting interests (equivalent dividends on a per share basis; joint electorate and class right voting) as a result of a Sharing Agreement
- Investec operates as if it is a single unified economic enterprise with the same Boards of Directors and management at the holding companies



| Assets under Management UK & Other | Mar-20 | Mar-19 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Investec Wealth & Investment | £33.1bn | £39.1bn |
| Other | £0.4bn | £0.4bn |
| Total third party assets under management | £33.5bn | £39.5bn |

IBP: balanced business model supporting our long-term strategy

Two distinct business activities focused on well defined target clients and regions

Client Corporate / Institutional / Government / Private client (high net worth / high income) / **Intermediary** charities / trusts Wealth & Investment **Specialist Banking** · Investments and savings Lending Business Transactional banking Pensions and retirement Treasury solutions Financial planning Advisorv Investment activities Deposit raising activities Region UK and Europe, Australia, Hong Kong, India, USA Established, full service banking solution to corporate and private clients with leading positions in various areas Switzerland High-touch personalised service – ability to execute quickly Ability to leverage international, cross-border platforms

Value Proposition

- Strong UK client base and internationally connected
- Strong ability to originate, manufacture and distribute
- Balanced business model with good business depth and breadth
- Generated 64% of adjusted operating profit* in FY 2020

UK, Channel Islands (Guernsev), Switzerland

- Built via organic growth and the acquisition and integration of businesses over a long period of time
- Established platforms in the UK, Guernsey and
- Four distribution channels: direct, intermediaries. Investec Private Bank, and Investec internationally
- Global investment process, delivering tailor-made and innovative solutions to our clients
- Focus on organic growth in our key markets
- Recognised brand and balance sheet strength attracts investment managers and supports client acquisition
- Low risk, capital light, annuity income generation
- £33.1bn in funds under management
- Generated 36% of adjusted operating profit* in FY 2020

IBP: key objectives

Maintain healthy capital ratios

- Always held capital in excess of regulatory requirements
- Targets:
 - Common Equity Tier 1 ratio >10% (11.5% at 31 Mar 2020)
 - Tier 1 ratio >11% (13.1% at 31 Mar 2020)
 - Total capital ratio: 14% 17% (16.5% at 31 Mar 2020)
 - Leverage ratio >6% (8.0% at 31 Mar 2020)
- Capital strength maintained without recourse to shareholders, new investors or government assistance

Maintain robust liquidity management philosophy

- Appropriately manage our levels of surplus liquidity and cost of funding
- Maintain high level of readily available, high-quality liquid assets - minimum cash to customer deposit ratio of 25% (39.5% as at 31 Mar 2020)
- · Maintain diversified sources of funding

Perpetuate the quality of the balance sheet

Focus on revenue drivers

- Continue to build our client franchises and client base in the UK – focus on direct relationships with entrepreneurs, mid-sized corporates and high net worth clients
- Generate high-quality income through diversified revenue streams and businesses
- Leverage our private client platform (across banking and wealth management)
- Continue to grow FUM
- Moderate loan growth, emphasis on diversified portfolios
- Increase transactional activity

Maintain operational efficiency

- IBP's cost to income ratio was 73.9% at 31 March 2020 (blend of banking and wealth management businesses)
- Targeting cost to income of below 65% for IBP Specialist Banking and between 73-77% for IBP Wealth & Investment
- Our cost to income ratio has been elevated as we have been investing in infrastructure and resources to grow the franchise, notably the build-out of the Private Bank
- With the investment in the Private Bank complete, the business is now in leverage and growth phase and management is committed to an increased focus on cost discipline

IBP: focusing on capital light activities

- Realigned the business model since the global financial crisis and focused on growing capital light businesses
- At 31 March 2020, total capital light activities account for 51% of IBP's revenue
- We have significantly increased our third party funds under management a key capital light annuity income driver in the
 Wealth & Investment business. FUM have grown from £14.9bn at March 2011 to £33.1bn at March 2020. Revenue from Wealth &
 Investment makes up 33.2% of IBP's total operating income at 31 March 2020.

CAPITAL LIGHT ACTIVITIES

Third party funds management, advisory and transactional income

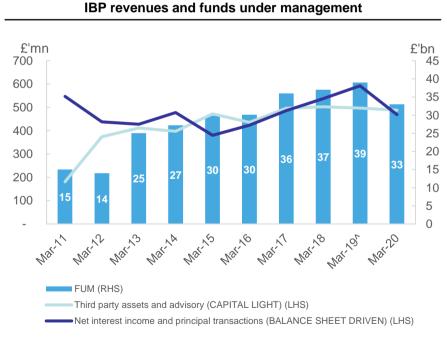
- Wealth management
- Advisory services
- Transactional banking services
- Funds

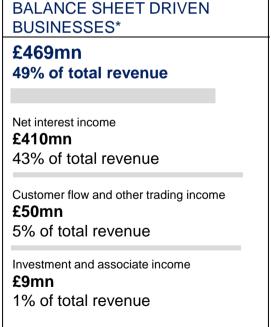
BALANCE SHEET DRIVEN ACTIVITIES

Net interest, customer flow trading, investment and associate income

- · Lending portfolios
- Trading income largely from client flow as well as balance sheet management and other
- Investment portfolios

CAPITAL LIGHT BUSINESSES* £488mn 51% of total revenue Net fees and commissions £482mn 50% of total revenue Of which £178mn Specialist Bank Of which £304mn Wealth & Investment Other £6mn 1% of total revenue





Fee and commission income

Types of income

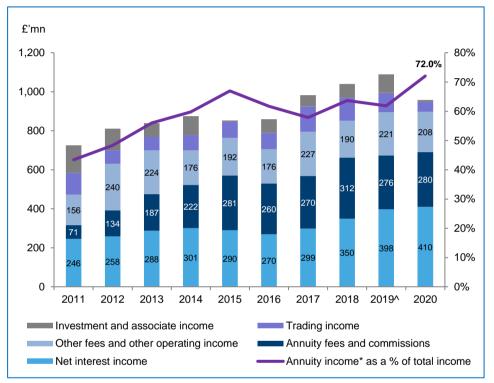
Net interest, customer flow trading, investment and associate income



IBP's operating fundamentals

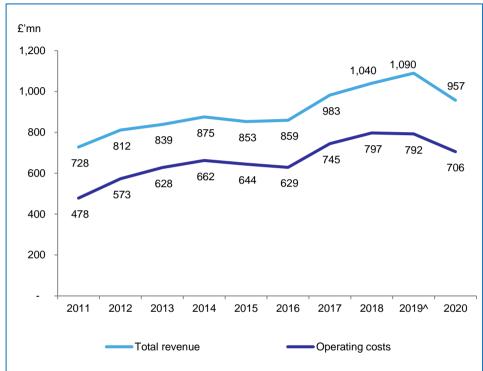
IBP: profitability supported by diversified revenue streams

Annuity income



- Solid recurring income base (FY20: 72%) compromising net interest income and annuity fees which has been enhanced by the growth in our wealth management business
- Total capital light activities accounted for 51% of IBP's income for the year ended 31 March 2020 (46% at 31 March 2019^)

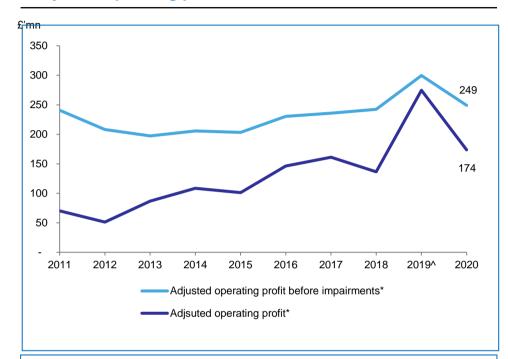
Revenue versus expenses



- We are focused on managing costs while building for the future
 - Investment in our Private Banking business is fully expensed – now in leverage and growth phase
 - No longer incurring double premises costs
- UK Specialist Bank reduced operating costs by £96m (17.6%) in FY2020.

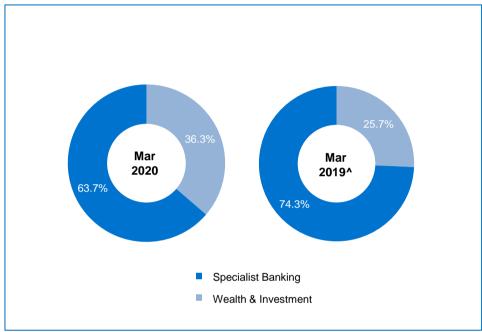
IBP: profitability supported by diversified revenue streams

Adjusted operating profit*



- We have grown adjusted operating profit from £70m in 2011 to £174m in 2020 (CAGR of 10.6%)
- Since 2008, results have been impacted by elevated impairments driven by the legacy portfolio. This is particularly evident in the 2018 financial year as increased impairments were recognised in anticipation of accelerated exits on certain legacy assets. This is not expected to be repeated, as evident in the 2019 and 2020 financial years, there was no repeat of prior substantial legacy losses.
- It is also worth noting that we remained profitable throughout the global financial crisis and have built a solid client franchise business which has supported growth in revenue.

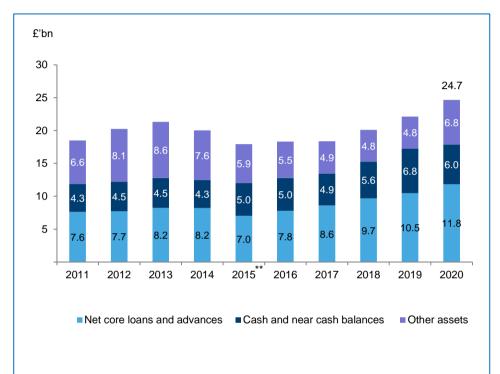
Business mix percentage contribution to adjusted operating profit*



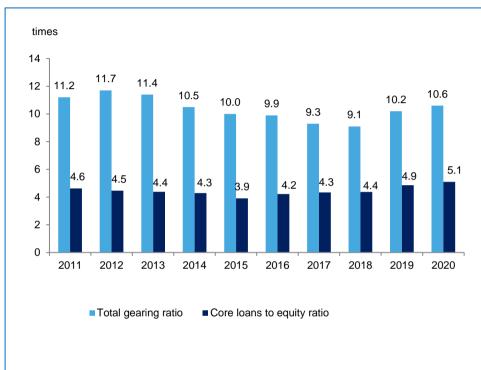
- Profitability is supported by a diversified, quality adjusted operating profit mix from the Specialist Banking and Wealth & Investment businesses
- The lower contribution from the Specialist Banking business in 2020 was largely driven by weak equity capital markets activity due to persistent market uncertainty throughout the year under review as well as the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic

IBP: consistent asset growth, gearing ratios remain low

Total assets composition



Gearing* remains low

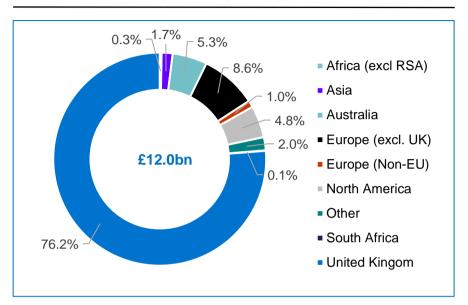


- Our core loans and advances have grown steadily over the past 10 years (CAGR of 5% since 2011)
- Good growth in cash and near cash balances (CAGR of 3.9% since 2011
- We have maintained low gearing ratios* with total gearing at 10.6x and an average of 10.4x since 2011

IBP: exposures in a select target market

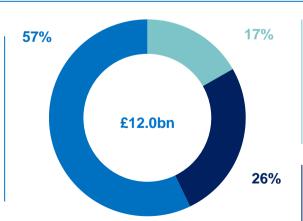
- Credit and counterparty exposures are to a select target market:
 - High net worth and high income clients
 - Mid to large sized corporates
 - Public sector bodies and institutions
- The majority of exposures reside within the UK
- We typically originate loans with the intent of holding these assets to maturity, thereby developing a 'hands-on' and long-standing relationship with our client
- Net core loan growth in FY20 was 12.8% (FY19: 8.5%). Growth has been driven by our residential mortgage portfolio through acquisition of target clients in line with our Private Banking strategy
- Focus remains on redeployment of capital into core business activity
 and ensuring that concentration risk to certain asset types, industries
 and geographies is prudently managed, mitigated and controlled.

Gross core loans by country of exposure at 31 March 2020



Gross core loans by risk category at 31 March 2020

| Corporate lending and acquisition finance | 15.0% |
|---|-------|
| Small ticket asset finance | 14.6% |
| Fund finance | 10.9% |
| Other corporate, institutional, govt. loans | 6.3% |
| Power and infrastructure finance | 4.2% |
| Asset-based lending | 3.5% |
| Large ticket asset finance | 2.1% |
| Resource finance | 0.4% |



Lending collateralised against property

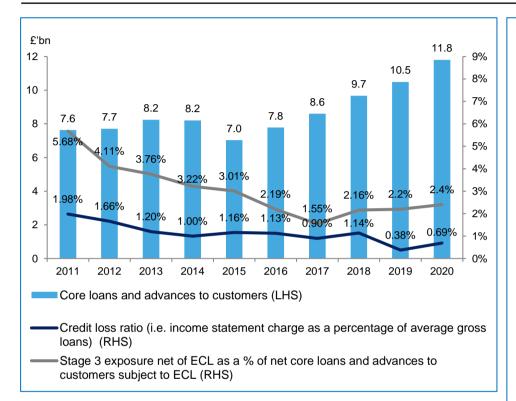
| Commercial property investment | 8.8% |
|--------------------------------------|-------|
| Residential property – development | 3.3% |
| Residential property – investment | 2.7% |
| Commercial property – development | 1.6% |
| Residential vacant land and planning | 0.3% |
| Commercial vacant land and planning | <0.1% |

High net worth and other private client

| HNW and private client mortgages | 20.7% |
|----------------------------------|-------|
| HNW and specialised lending | 5.4% |

IBP: sound asset quality

Core loans and asset quality



- Credit quality on core loans and advances for the year ended 31 March 2020:
 - Total income statement ECL impairment charges
 amounted to £75.7mn (2019: £25.0mn), while the
 credit loss ratio# increased to 0.69% (2019: 0.38%).
 The main contributors to the increase in impairment
 charges were book growth and the impact of the
 COVID-19 pandemic; in the form of a provision overlay
 reflecting a deterioration in the macro-economic
 scenario forecasts applied and a specific impairment
 provision
 - Stage 3 exposures net of ECL increased from £211mn at 31 March 2019 to £272mn. Stage 3 exposure net of ECL as a % of net core loans and advances subject to ECL remained relatively stable since March 2019 at 2.4%.

IBP: diversified funding strategy and credit ratings

- Investec's funding consists primarily of customer deposits
- Investec adopts a conservative and prudent funding strategy
- Positive rating trajectory: over the past few years both IBP and Investec plc have received ratings upgrades

Conservative and prudent funding strategy

Maintaining a high base of high-quality liquid assets



Diversifying funding sources



Limiting concentration risk



Low reliance on wholesale funding

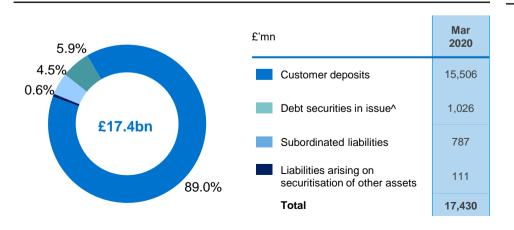


Maintaining a stable retail deposit franchise

Credit ratings*

- In February 2019, Moody's upgraded IBP's long-term deposit rating to A1 (stable outlook) from A2 (positive outlook) and its baseline credit assessment (BCA) to baa1 from baa2. These ratings were affirmed on 16 August 2019.
- On 1 April 2020, Fitch took action on a number of UK banking groups (including IBP), due to the coronavirus pandemic. This resulted in Fitch placing IBP's ratings on Rating Watch Negative (RWN), as Fitch believes the economic fallout from the pandemic crisis represents a near-term risk to its ratings. IBP's BBB+ rating was affirmed by Fitch on 20 December 2019.

Selected funding sources

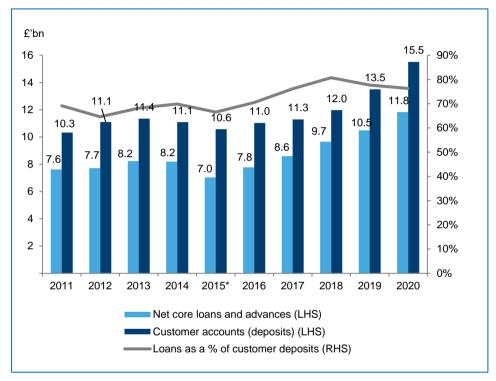


IBP's long-term ratings

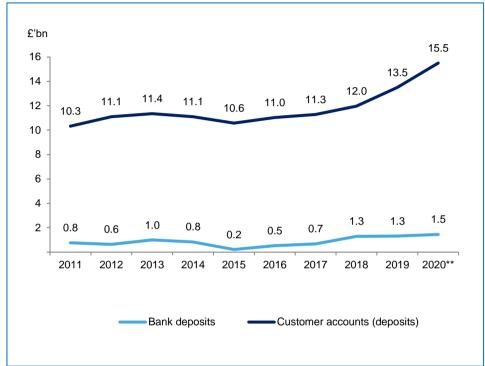


IBP: primarily customer deposit funded with low loan to deposit ratio

Fully self-funded: conservative loan to deposit ratio



Total deposits: growing customer deposits



- Since 2011, customer deposits have grown by 50% (c.5% CAGR) to £15.5bn at 31 March 2020
- Loans and advances as a percentage of customer deposits remained conservative at 76.3%
- Increase in retail deposits and very little reliance on wholesale deposits
- Fixed and notice deposits make up a large proportion of customer deposits and our customers display a strong 'stickiness' and willingness to reinvest in our suite of term and notice products

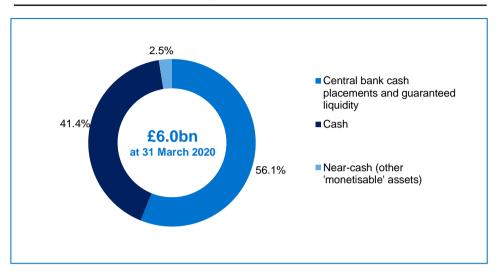
^{*}FY15 impacted by the sale of group assets, largely in Australia.

^{**}As at 31 March 2020, certain Investec structured products amounting to £823 million have been reclassified from Debt securities in issue to Customer deposits in order to better reflect the underlying characteristics, contractual terms and liquidity of these products. The prior year has not been restated.

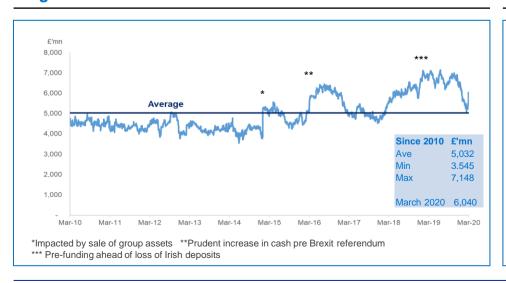
IBP: maintaining robust surplus liquidity

- We maintain a high level of readily available, high-quality liquid assets targeting a minimum cash to customer deposit ratio of 25%. These balances have increased since 2010 (£4.7bn) to £6.0bn at 31 March 2020 (representing 39% of customer deposits)
- At 31 March 2020 the Liquidity Coverage Ratio reported to the Prudential Regulatory Authority for IBP (solo basis) was 411% and the Net Stable Funding Ratio^ was 120% - both metrics well ahead of current minimum regulatory requirements

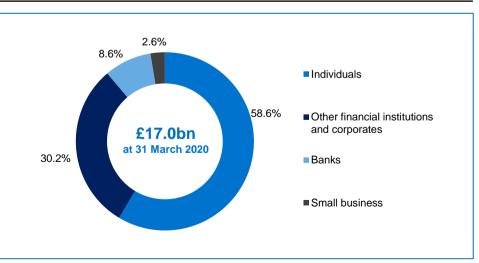
Cash and near cash composition



High level of cash and near cash balances

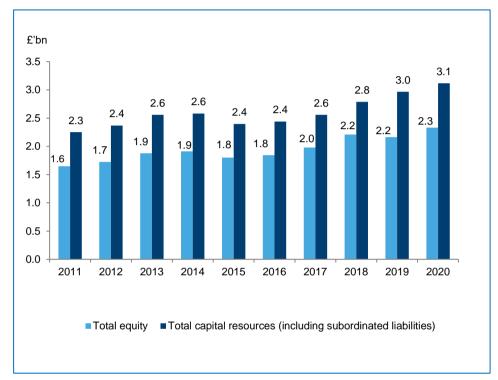


Depositor concentration by type

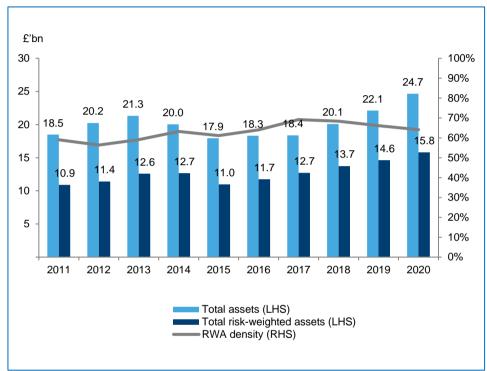


IBP: sound capital base and capital ratios

Total capital



Total risk-weighted assets: high RWA density

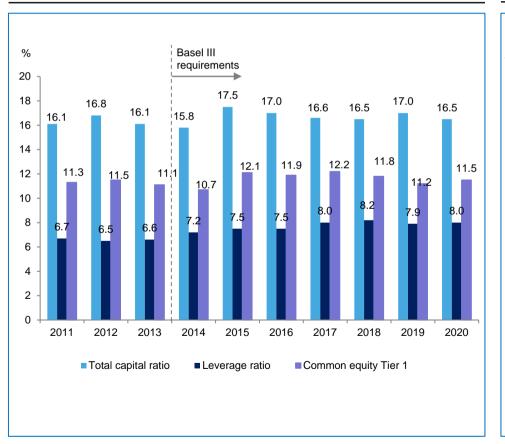


- We have continued to grow our capital base and did not require recourse to government or shareholders during the crisis
- Our total equity has grown by c.41% since 2011 to £2.3bn at 31 March 2020 (CAGR of c.4%)
- As we use the Standardised Approach for our RWA calculations, our RWAs represent a large portion of our total assets
- IBP's Total RWAs / Total assets is 64%, which is higher relative to many UK banks on the Advanced Approach
- · As a result we inherently hold more capital

IBP: sound capital base and capital ratios (continued)

- Investec has always held capital in excess of regulatory requirements and intends to perpetuate this philosophy and ensure that it remains well capitalised
- The bank has never required shareholder or government support
- In January 2019, the Bank of England re-confirmed the preferred resolution strategy for Investec Bank plc to be 'modified insolvency'. As a result, the BoE has therefore set Investec Bank plc's MREL requirement as equal to its regulatory capital requirements (Pillar 1 + Pillar 2A)

Basel capital ratios*



Capital development

| A summary of ratios* 31 Mar 2020 31 Mar 2019 | Target |
|--|------------|
| 2020 2019 | |
| Common equity tier 1 (as reported) 11.5% 11.2% | >10% |
| Common equity tier 1 (fully loaded) [^] 11.1% 10.8% | |
| Tier 1 (as reported) 13.1% 12.9% | >11% |
| Total capital ratio (as reported) 16.5% 17.0% | 14% to 17% |
| Leverage ratio** (current) 8.0% 7.9% | >6% |
| Leverage ratio** (fully loaded)^ 7.7% 7.7% | |
| Leverage ratio** (current UK leverage ratio framework)^ 10.0% | |

'Based on the group's understanding of current regulations, "fully loaded" is based on Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR) requirements as fully phased in by 2022; including full adoption of IFRS 9.

^Investec Bank plc is not subject to the UK leverage ratio framework, however for comparative purposes this ratio has been disclosed. This framework excludes qualifying central bank balances from the calculation of the leverage exposure measure.

** The leverage ratios are calculated on an end-quarter basis.

^{*}Since 2014, capital information is based on Basel III capital requirements as applicable in the UK. Comparative information is disclosed on a Basel II basis. Since 2014, ratios include the deduction of foreseeable charges and dividends as required under the CRR and EBA technical standards. Excluding this deduction, IBP's CET1 ratio would be 0 bps (31 March 2019: 13bps) higher. The leverage ratio prior to 2014 has been estimated.



Further information

IBP: two core areas of activity

Wealth & Investment: Key income drivers and performance statistics

Key income drivers

(besides market levels)

- Investment management fees earned on FUM (largely equity mandates)
- Commissions earned for execution
- Largely discretionary FUM with average fees 80bps to 90bps
- Target for average net inflows: 5% of opening FUM for UK business

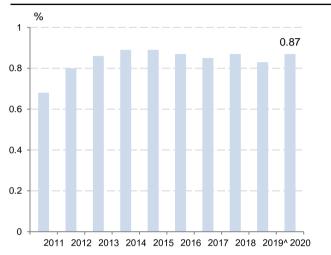
Current positioning

- Number of employees: c.1,380
- Operating margin: 19.8%
- FUM: £33.1bn
- Net inflows as a % of opening FUM:
 1.2% (£0.48bn net inflows for the year ended 31 March 2020)
- Average income yield# earned on funds under management: 0.88%
- Adjusted operating profit*: £63.0mn (March 2019: £70.6mn)
- % contribution to IBP adjusted operating profit*: 36%

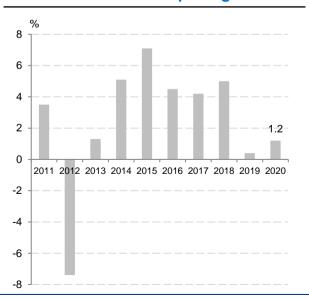
Operating margin



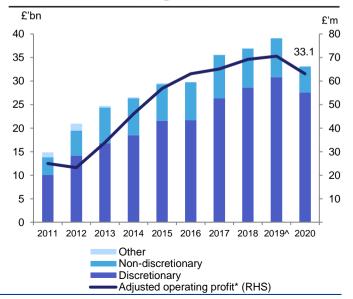
Average income# as a % of FUM



Net inflows as a % of opening FUM



Funds under management



[&]quot;The average income yield on funds under management represents the total operating income for the period as a percentage of the average of opening and closing funds under management. This calculation does not adjust for the impact of market movements throughout the period on funds under management or the timing of acquisitions and disposals during the respective periods. "Adjusted operating profit before goodwill, acquired intangibles and strategic actions, less profit attributable to other non-controlling interests. "Reflected in the above trends, March 2019 information has been restated and excludes the financial impact of the rundown of the Hong Kong direct investments business and the impact of other group restructures as detailed on slide 46. All other prior year numbers have not been restated.

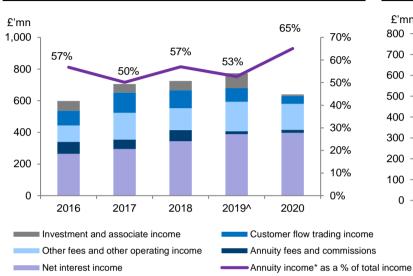
IBP: two core areas of activity (continued)

Specialist Banking ongoing: Key income drivers and performance statistics

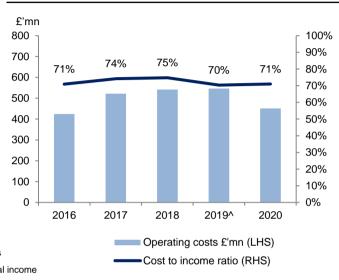
Key income drivers (besides market, economic and rate levels)

- Net interest: levels of loans; surplus cash; deposits
- Fees and commissions: levels of private and corporate client activity
- Investment income: realised and unrealised returns earned on our investment and fixed income portfolios
- Customer flow trading income: level of client activity

Revenue



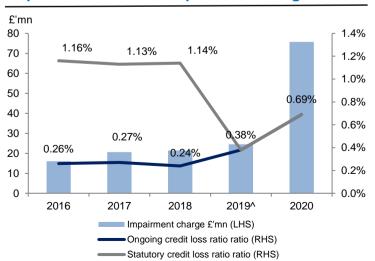
Costs



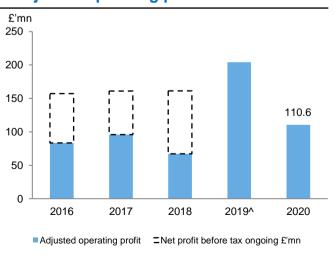
Current positioning

- Number of employees: c.2,500
- Cost to income: 70.8%
- NIM: 2.09% (Mar 2019^: 2.26%)
- Adjusted operating profit*: £111.5mn (Mar 2019^: £204.2mn)
- % contribution to IBP adjusted operating profit*: 64%

Expected credit loss impairment charges



Adjusted operating profit**



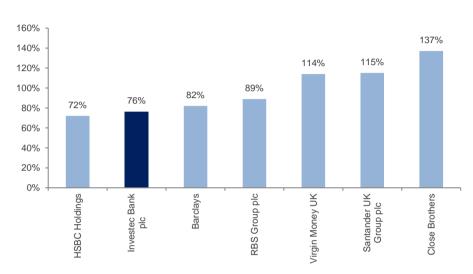


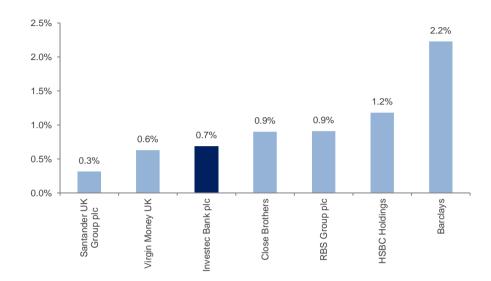
Investec Bank plc: peer analysis

Investec Bank plc: peer group comparisons

Funding: Loans and advances to customers as a % of customer deposits (smaller number is better)

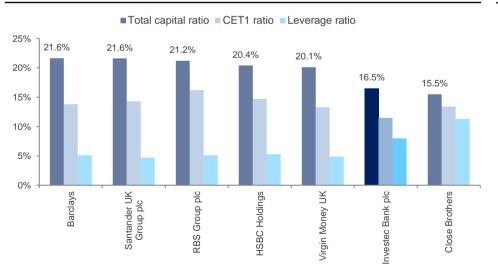
Credit loss ratio: ECL impairment charges as a % of average core loans and advances (smaller number is better)

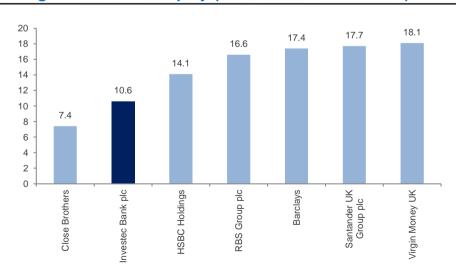




Capital ratios* (larger number is better)

Gearing ratio: Assets: equity (smaller number is better)





Investec Bank plc: peer group comparisons

Definitions and/or explanations of certain ratios:

- Customer deposits do not include deposits from banks.
- The loans and advances to customers as a % of customer deposits ratio reflects how much of a bank's advances to customers are funded from the "retail and corporate" market as opposed to the "wholesale funding and banking market". A ratio higher than one indicates that advances to customers are not fully funded from the retail and corporate market, with the balance being funded from the wholesale market.
- A capital ratio is a measure of a bank's available capital expressed as a percentage of a bank's risk-weighted assets. It is based on
 regulatory qualifying capital (including common equity tier 1, additional tier 1 and tier 2 capital) as a percentage of risk-weighted
 assets. Assets are risk-weighted either according to the Standardised Approach in terms of Basel or the Advanced Approach.
- The leverage ratio is calculated as tier 1 capital (according to regulatory definitions) divided by total assets (exposure measure).
 This ratio effectively assumes that all assets are 100% risk-weighted and is a more conservative measure than the total capital ratio. Regulators are expecting that this ratio should exceed 5%.
- The gearing ratio is calculated as total assets divided by total equity (according to accounting definitions).
- The credit loss ratio is calculated as the ECL impairment charges on core loans and advances as a percentage of average gross core loans and advances subject to ECL.
- Default loans largely comprise loans that are impaired and/or over 90 days in arrears.



IBP: salient financial features

| Key financial statistics | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019^ | % change |
|--|---------------|----------------|----------|
| Total operating income before expected credit loss impairment charges (£'000) | 957 207 | 1 089 842 | (12.2%) |
| Operating costs (£'000) | 705 626 | 792 380 | (10.9%) |
| Adjusted operating profit* (£'000) | 173 604 | 274 817 | (36.8%) |
| Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholder (£'000) | 57 822 | 161 917 | (64.3%) |
| Cost to income ratio (%) | 73.9% | 72.6% | |
| Total capital resources (including subordinated liabilities) (£'000) | 3 118 202 | 2 966 927 | 5.1% |
| Total equity (£'000) | 2 331 172 | 2 163 228 | 7.8% |
| Total assets (£'000) | 24 669 539 | 22 121 020 | 11.5% |
| Net core loans and advances (£'000) | 11 832 499 | 10 486 701 | 12.8% |
| Customer accounts (deposits) (£'000) | 15 505 883 | 13 499 234 | 14.9% |
| Loans and advances to customers as a % of customer deposits | 76.3% | 77.7% | |
| Cash and near cash balances (£'mn) | 6 040 | 6 792 | (11.1%) |
| Funds under management (£'mn) | 33 465 | 39 482 | (15.2%) |
| Total gearing ratio (i.e. total assets to equity) | 10.6x | 10.2x | |
| Total capital ratio | 16.5% | 17.0% | |
| Tier 1 ratio | 13.1% | 12.9% | |
| CET 1 ratio | 11.5% | 11.2% | |
| Leverage ratio – current | 8.0% | 7.9% | |
| Leverage ratio – 'fully loaded'^^ | 7.7% | 7.7% | |
| Stage 3 exposure as a % of gross core loans and advances subject to ECL | 3.3% | 3.2% | |
| Stage 3 exposure net of ECL as a % of net core loans and advances subject to ECL | 2.4% | 2.2% | |
| Credit loss ratio# | 0.69% | 0.38% | |

IBP: income statement

| £'000 | Year to 31 Mar 2020 | Year to 31 Mar 2019^ | % change |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Interest income | 784 421 | 723 321 | 8.4% |
| Interest expense | (374 872) | (325 037) | 15.3% |
| Net interest income | 409 549 | 398 284 | 2.8% |
| Fee and commission income | 495 789 | 500 095 | (0.9%) |
| Fee and commission expense | (13 766) | (13 207) | 4.2% |
| Investment income | 6 591 | 92 095 | (92.8%) |
| Share of post taxation profit of associates and joint venture holdings | 2 128 | 2 680 | (20.6%) |
| Trading income arising from | | | |
| - customer flow | 50 980 | 86 766 | (41.2%) |
| - balance sheet management and other trading activities | (528) | 12 653 | (>100.0%) |
| Other operating income | 6 464 | 10 476 | (38.3%) |
| Total operating income before expected credit loss impairment charges | 957 207 | 1 089 842 | (12.2%) |
| Expected credit loss impairment charges | (75 706) | (24 987) | >100.0% |
| Operating income | 881 501 | 1 064 855 | (17.2%) |
| Operating costs | (705 626) | (792 380) | (10.9%) |
| Depreciation on operating leased assets | (1 407) | (2 137) | (34.2%) |
| Operating profit before acquired intangibles and strategic actions | 174 468 | 270 338 | (35.5%) |
| Amortisation of acquired intangibles | (12 915) | (12 958) | (0.3%) |
| Closure and rundown of the Hong Kong direct investments business | (89 257) | (65 593) | 36.1% |
| Operating profit | 72 296 | 191 787 | (62.3%) |
| Financial impact of group restructures | (26 898) | (14 595) | 84.3% |
| Profit before taxation | 45 398 | 177 192 | (74.4%) |
| Taxation on operating profit before acquired intangibles and strategic actions | (7 638) | (37 353) | (79.6%) |
| Taxation on acquired intangibles and strategic actions | 20 926 | 17 599 | 18.9% |
| Profit after taxation | 58 686 | 157 438 | (62.7%) |
| Profit / Loss attributable to non-controlling interests | (864) | 4 479 | (>100.0%) |
| Earnings attributable to shareholder | 57 822 | 161 917 | (64.3%) |

IBP: balance sheet

| £'000 | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 | % change |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------|
| Assets | | | |
| Cash and balances at central banks | 2 277 3 | 8 4 445 430 | (48.8%) |
| Loans and advances to banks | 1 793 86 | 954 938 | 87.9% |
| Reverse repurchase agreements and cash collateral on securities borrowed | 1 627 24 | 633 202 | >100.0% |
| Sovereign debt securities | 1 688 67 | 0 1 298 947 | 30.0% |
| Bank debt securities | 51 23 | 52 265 | (2.0%) |
| Other debt securities | 695 8 | 8 508 142 | 36.9% |
| Derivative financial instruments | 1 251 39 | 642 530 | 94.8% |
| Securities arising from trading activities | 582 69 | 798 224 | (27.0%) |
| Investment portfolio | 350 66 | 486 493 | (27.9%) |
| Loans and advances to customers | 11 834 20 | 10 488 022 | 12.8% |
| Other loans and advances | 266 50 | 246 400 | 8.2% |
| Other securitised assets | 106 2 | 8 118 143 | (10.1%) |
| Interests in associated undertakings and joint venture holdings | 6 5 | 9 8 855 | (25.7%) |
| Deferred taxation assets | 129 7 | 5 133 344 | (2.7%) |
| Other assets | 1 462 15 | 847 604 | 72.5% |
| Property and equipment | 216 98 | 94 714 | >100.0% |
| Investment properties | | - 14 500 | (100.0%) |
| Goodwill | 252 95 | 260 858 | (3.0%) |
| Intangible assets | 75 34 | 88 409 | (14.8%) |
| | 24 669 5 | 39 22 121 020 | 11.5% |

IBP: balance sheet (continued)

| £'000 | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 | % change |
|--|---------------|---------------|------------|
| | | | 3 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Deposits by banks | 1 450 463 | 1 318 776 | 10.0% |
| Derivative financial instruments | 1 246 109 | 719 027 | 73.3% |
| Other trading liabilities | 118 572 | 80 217 | 47.8% |
| Repurchase agreements and cash collateral on securities lent | 396 811 | 314 335 | 26.2% |
| Customer accounts (deposits) | 15 505 883 | 13 499 234 | 14.9% |
| Debt securities in issue | 1 026 474 | 2 050 141 | (49.9%) |
| Liabilities arising on securitisation of other assets | 110 679 | 113 711 | (2.7%) |
| Current taxation liabilities | 43 470 | 136 818 | (68.2%) |
| Deferred taxation liabilities | 22 112 | 21 341 | 3.6% |
| Other liabilities | 1 630 764 | 900 493 | 81.1 % |
| | 21 551 337 | 19 154 093 | 12.5% |
| Subordinated liabilities | 787 030 | 803 699 | (2.1%) |
| | 22 338 367 | 19 957 792 | 11.9% |
| Equity | | | |
| Ordinary share capital | 1 280 550 | 1 186 800 | 7.9% |
| Share premium | 199 538 | 143 288 | 39.3% |
| Capital reserve | 153 177 | 162 789 | (5.9%) |
| Other reserves | (11 071) | (19 647) | (43.7%) |
| Retained income | 455 609 | 447 924 | 1.7% |
| Shareholder's equity excluding non-controlling interests | 2 077 803 | 1 921 154 | 8.2% |
| Additional Tier 1 securities in issue | 250 000 | 250 000 | 0.0% |
| Non-controlling interests in partially held subsidiaries | 3 369 | (7 926) | (>100.0 %) |
| Total equity | 2 331 172 | 2 163 288 | 7.8% |
| Total liabilities and equity | 24 669 539 | 22 121 020 | 11.5% |

IBP: segmental analysis of operating profit

| For the year to 31 March 2020 £'000 | Wealth & Investment | Specialist Banking | Total group |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Net interest income | 12 604 | 396 945 | 409 549 |
| Fee and commission income | 305 090 | 190 699 | 495 789 |
| Fee and commission expense | (678) | (13 088) | (13 766) |
| Investment income | (436) | 7 027 | 6 591 |
| Share of post taxation profit of associates and joint venture holdings | - | 2 128 | 2 128 |
| Trading income arising from | | | |
| - customer flow | 862 | 50 118 | 50 980 |
| - balance sheet management and other trading activities | 108 | (636) | (528) |
| Other operating income | 181 | 6 283 | 6 464 |
| Total operating income before expected credit loss impairment charges | 317 731 | 639 476 | 957 207 |
| Expected credit loss impairment releases/(charges) | 1 | (75 707) | (75 706) |
| Operating income | 317 732 | 563 769 | 881 501 |
| Operating costs | (254 714) | (450 912) | (705 626) |
| Depreciation on operating leased assets | | (1 407) | (1 407) |
| Operating profit before acquired intangibles and strategic actions | 63 018 | 111 450 | 174 468 |
| Profit attributable to non-controlling interests | | (864) | (864) |
| Adjusted operating profit | 63 018 | 110 586 | 173 604 |
| Selected returns and key statistics | | | |
| Cost to income ratio | 80.2% | 70.8% | 73.9% |
| Total assets (£'million) | 1 013 | 23 657 | 24 670 |

IBP: segmental analysis of operating profit

| For the year to 31 March 2019^ £'000 | Wealth & Investment^ | Specialist Banking [^] | Total group [^] |
|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Net interest income | 9 189 | 389 095 | 398 284 |
| Fee and commission income | 306 070 | 194 025 | 500 095 |
| Fee and commission expense | (724) | (12 483) | (13 207) |
| Investment income | 1 185 | 90 910 | 92 095 |
| Share of post taxation profit of associates and joint venture holdings | - | 2 680 | 2 680 |
| Trading income arising from | | | |
| - customer flow | 793 | 85 973 | 86 766 |
| - balance sheet management and other trading activities | (1) | 12 654 | 12 653 |
| Other operating income | 342 | 10 134 | 10 476 |
| Total operating income before expected credit loss impairment charges | 316 854 | 772 988 | 1 089 842 |
| Expected credit loss impairment charges | (24) | (24 963) | (24 987) |
| Operating income | 316 830 | 748 025 | 1 064 855 |
| Operating costs | (246 201) | (546 179) | (792 380) |
| Depreciation on operating leased assets | | (2 137) | (2 137) |
| Operating profit before acquired intangibles and strategic actions | 70 629 | 199 709 | 270 338 |
| Loss attributable to non-controlling interests | | 4 479 | 4 479 |
| Adjusted operating profit | 70 629 | 204 188 | 274 817 |
| Selected returns and key statistics | | | |
| Cost to income ratio | 77.7% | 70.4% | 72.6% |
| Total assets (£'million) | 866 | 21 255 | 22 121 |

IBP: asset quality under IFRS 9

| £'million | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Gross core loans and advances to customers subject to ECL | 11 354 | 9 864 |
| Stage 1 | 10 339 | 8 969 |
| Stage 2 | 576 | 576 |
| of which past due greater than 30 days | 31 | 13 |
| Stage 3 | 379 | 319 |
| Ongoing (excluding Legacy) Stage 3* | 249 | 149 |
| Gross core loans and advances to customers subject to ECL (%) | | |
| Stage 1 | 91.6% | 91.0% |
| Stage 2 | 5.1% | 5.8% |
| Stage 3 | 3.3% | 3.2% |
| Ongoing (excluding Legacy) Stage 3* | 2.2% | 1.5% |
| Stage 3 net of ECL | 272 | 211 |
| Ongoing (excluding Legacy) Stage 3* | 187 | 114 |
| Aggregate collateral and other credit enhancements on Stage 3 | 274 | 228 |
| Stage 3 net of ECL and collateral | - | - |
| Stage 3 as a % of gross core loans and advances subject to ECL | 3.3% | 3.2% |
| Ongoing (excluding Legacy) Stage 3* | 2.2% | 1.5% |
| Total ECL as a % of Stage 3 exposure | 46.2% | 46.7% |
| Stage 3 net of ECL as a % of net core loans and advances subject to ECL | 2.4% | 2.2% |
| Ongoing (excluding Legacy) Stage 3* | 1.7% | 1.2% |

IBP: capital adequacy

| £'million | 31 March 2020* | 31 March 2019 * |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
| Tier 1 capital | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 2 061 | 1 889 |
| Non-controlling interests | - | (8) |
| Regulatory adjustments to the accounting basis | 91 | 110 |
| Deductions | (333) | (348) |
| Common equity tier 1 capital | 1 819 | 1 643 |
| Additional tier 1 capital | 250 | 250 |
| Tier 1 capital | 2 069 | 1 893 |
| | | |
| Tier 2 capital | 533 | 596 |
| | | |
| Total regulatory capital | 2 602 | 2 489 |
| | | |
| Risk-weighted assets [^] | 15 808 | 14 631 |
| | | |
| Capital ratios^ | | |
| Common equity tier 1 ratio | 11.5% | 11.2% |
| Tier 1 ratio | 13.1% | 12.9% |
| Total capital ratio | 16.5% | 17.0% |

^{*}The capital adequacy disclosures for Investec Bank plc include the deduction of foreseeable charges and dividends when calculating common equity tier (CET) 1 capital as required under the Capital Requirements Regulation and European Banking Authority technical standards. These disclosures are different to the capital adequacy disclosures included in the Investec group's 2020 and 2019 integrated annual reports, which follow our normal basis of presentation and do not include the when calculating CET 1 capital. Investec Bank plc's CET 1 ratio would be 0bps (31 March 2019: 13bps) higher on this basis. CET 1, Tier 1 (T1), total capital adequacy ratios and risk-weighted assets are calculated applying the IFRS 9 transitional arrangements.

IBP Restatement Note

The group remains committed to its objective to simplify and focus the business in pursuit of disciplined growth over the long-term.

In this regard the following strategic actions have been effected:

- Closure of Click & Invest which formed part of the UK wealth management business
- Sale of the Irish Wealth & Investment business
- · Restructure of the Irish branch
- Sale of UK Property Fund
- Closure and rundown of the Hong Kong direct investments business.

We have elected to separately disclose the financial impact of these strategic actions as the financial impact from group restructures and the rundown of portfolios where operations have ceased. Due to the significant change in the nature of the entity's operations, we consider it appropriate to present the information on a like-for-like basis, resulting in reclassifications for related items which were previously included in operating income and operating costs in the income statement.

In addition, from 1 April 2019, as a result of amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes, tax relief on payments in relation to Other Additional Tier 1 securities has been recognised as a reduction in taxation on operating profit before acquired intangibles and strategic actions, whereas it was previously recorded directly in retained income. Prior period comparatives have been restated, increasing the profit after taxation for the year to 31 March 2019 by £2.6 million.

Financial impact of strategic actions

| £'000 | Year to 31 March 2020 | Year to 31 March 2019 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Closure and rundown of the Hong Kong direct investments business* | (89 257) | (65 593) |
| Financial impact of group restructures | (26 898) | (14 595) |
| Closure of Click & Invest | (3 973) | (14 265) |
| Sale of the Irish Wealth & Investment business | 18 215 | - |
| Restructure of the Irish branch | (41 110) | (330) |
| Sale of UK Property Fund | 83 | - |
| Other | (113) | - |
| Financial impact of strategic actions | (116 155) | (80 188) |

^{*}Included within the balance are fair value adjustments of £83.2 million (31 March 2019: £57.8 million).