

Monday, 25 June 2018

Crude Oil Futures:

	Front Brent	Dec18 Brent	Dec19 Brent	Front WTI
Current Price (\$/b) / Wkly Change:	74.23 (+1.62%)	73.08 (+1.79%)	69.28 (+1.37%)	68.42 (+6.84%)

Key Brent Levels:

	50-day Ave	100-day Ave	200-day Ave	Next Support	Next Resistance
Current Price (\$/b):	75.89	71.39	67.06	55.00	57.45

Refined Products Front Month Swaps:

	Gasoline (Eurobob)	Gasoil (ICE)	Jet (NWE)	Diesel (Rott)
Current Price (\$/MT) / Wkly Change:	695.11 (+1.40%)	641.63 (+0.63%)	687.88 (+0.58%)	643.38 (+0.59%)

Fuel Oil Front Month Swaps:

	3.5% Rott Barg	1% Rott Barg	Sing 380	Sing 180
Current Price (\$/MT) / Wkly Change:	409.90 (+2.76%)	411.77 (+2.66%)	428.40 (+3.07%)	439.15 (+3.12%)

Market Update

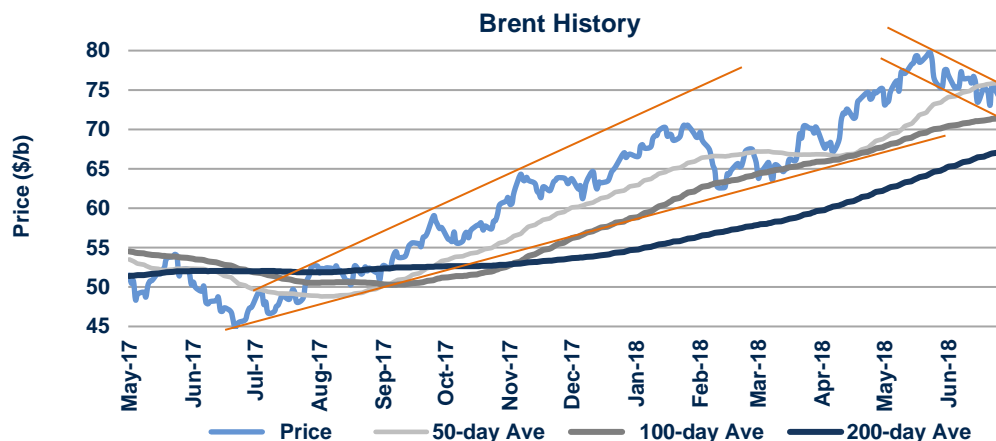
On Friday, OPEC reached an agreement to keep the current total limits on oil production unchanged, but signalled it will now attempt to comply with them. Because some members, most notably Venezuela, have not been able to produce as much as they are allowed to, overall production from OPEC members and other nations that signed up to cuts agreed at the end of 2016, is around 600k b/d below where it could be, meaning there is over compliance with cuts. In order to achieve OPEC's wish for production to be brought up to the overall limits, members with spare capacity will need to increase output to make up for those that cannot produce enough. The UAE oil minister, Suhail Al Mazrouei who led the press conference, was asked repeatedly about how this would be implemented. He always gave the same answer – the Joint Ministerial Monitoring Committee (JMMC - a committee formed of OPEC and non-OPEC members to monitor the implementation of cuts) will figure it out. As yet there is no plan as to how the limits will be reallocated. One simple approach would be to reduce the limits of those not producing enough by 600k b/d and increase the limits of members with spare capacity by 600k b/d – this would enable 100% compliance. However, it seems unlikely members like Venezuela would give up unused limits in this way. Instead those unused limits might be left in place, so 100% compliance would in theory mean an additional 1.2m b/d hitting the market, even though this would not be achievable in practice. It seems that in order to enable 100% compliance with the old target, the limits will be increased by something like 600k b/d, but compliance with these reduced cuts will then be greater than 100%. No wonder there is confusion about what OPEC has agreed!

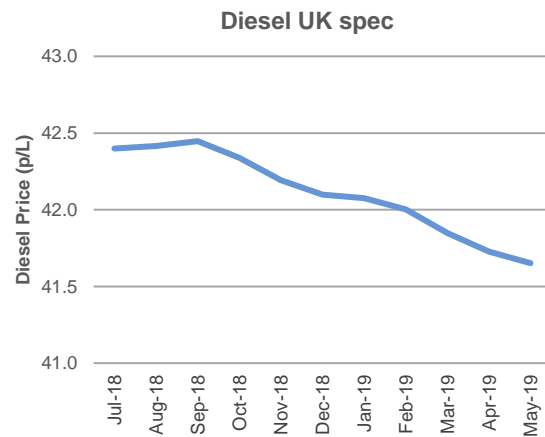
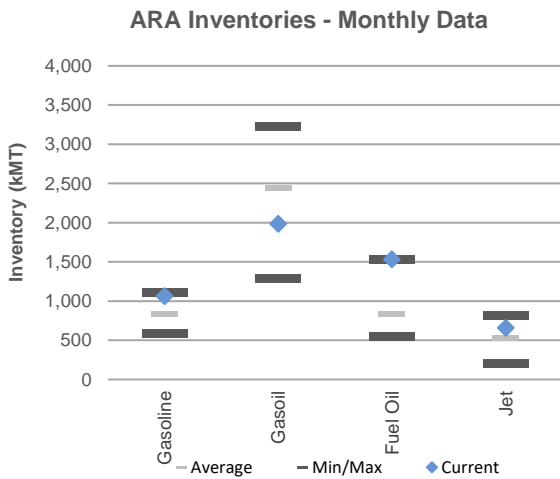
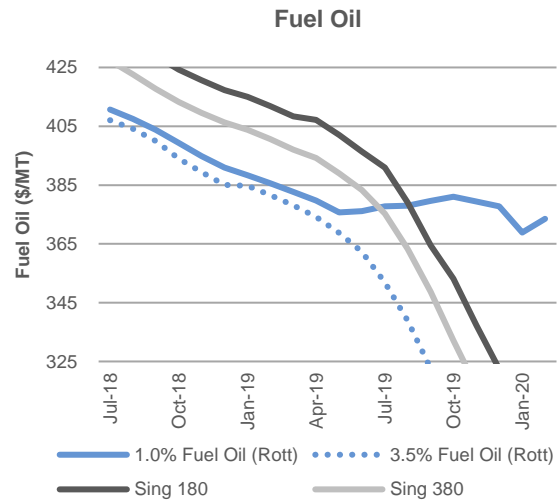
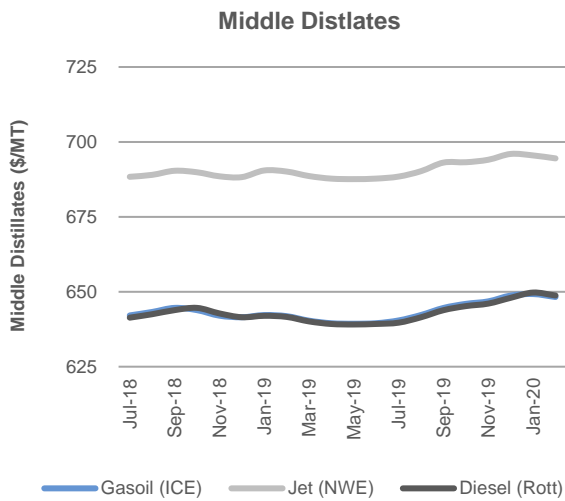
So far, oil markets seem to have given OPEC the benefit of the doubt. Brent rallied up to 75.83 \$/b on Friday evening and US crude futures were even stronger, coming close to 70 \$/b. This could suggest an acceptance of the spirit of OPEC's message: that it will act to carefully plug a gap in supply that is likely to open up over the remainder of this year, rather than to flood the market with crude. Significantly, there was no mention of what the future of the cuts will be beyond the end of this year when, as things stand, they are due to expire. Does the flexibility shown in last week's agreement provide a way to continue the current OPEC/non-OPEC cooperation into 2019? That does seem possible. The next OPEC meeting has been scheduled for the 3rd December.

Over the next few months we may get more clarity, through hard numbers, on a number of important points:

- How great will the impact of sanctions on Iranian production be?
- How much further will Venezuelan production decline?
- How far will summer oil demand drain inventories?

Until then the market will continue to try and second guess how successful the JMMC will be in managing these issues.





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